PROPOSALS
BY JOSEPH M. SANDERSON,
for publishing by subscription,
A BIOGRAPHY OF THE SIGNERS
TO THE
Declaration of Independence,
ACCOMPANIED WITH PLATES;
To which will be annexed a history of the proceedings of congress during the passage of the law, and the Declaration itself, with fac-simile engravings of the signatures.

By PAUL ALLEN, Esq.

TO THE PUBLIC.

'T seems a little surprising that amongst so many subjects as have been presented for American Biography, the ... lives of those who have affixed their signatures to the Declaration of Independence have been overlooked or disregarded. The eyes of thousands have dwelt with rapture upon the document that announced to the world that these United Colonies were, and of right ought to be, free, sovereign, and independent states;" while we are better acquainted with the handwriting than with the characters of many of those illustrious men who have added their signatures to that instrument. The founders of the only remaining republic on the globe, have, with few splendid exceptions, gone to their graves, and it behoves a generous posterity, sensible of their obligations, to preserve their fame. The longer we neglect the payment of so sacred a debt, the more difficult does the payment become.—Traits of individual character are fugitive and evanescent; and if they are not snatched by the hand of the Biographic Muse, at an early season, from the cold grasp of death, will soon partake of the oblivion of the body.—It is not the object of the present attempt, to deal in that profusion of indiscriminate and unsparing panegyric, so often and so falsely dignified with the name of Biography: we wish to represent the characters as they were; they stand in need of no panegyric; and we earnestly solicit from the surviving relations and friends of those revolutionary patriots all the information that will tend to a developement of character. Man is the creature of circumstance, and we wish to show the progress of those patriots from their first resistance of colonial aggression, until they stood forth the noble and undaunted champions of their country's independence. All this can only be done by a familiar acquaintance with the lives of these men, and whoever of the surviving friends or relatives will furnish facts and circumstances in their possession to unfold and illustrate their characters, shall be entitled to a copy of the work as a recompense. It is contemplated, wherever it is practicable, further to embellish the meditated work with correct likenesses of the objects of our biography, executed by the most eminent artists in the country. For this purpose we again solicit the assistance of their surviving relatives and friends. If they will transmit to the publisher any engraving or portrait from which a copy may be taken, the original shall be faithfully returned, and shall likewise be remunerated with a copy of the work. In the first number it is proposed to give an account of the declaration of Independence, from the first motion that was made on the floor of congress until its final passage into a law, a period embracing much curious and secret history: finally, we promise to add to our first number the Declaration of Independence itself, with fac-simile engravings of the signatures. We have now compendiously stated the objects of our present undertaking, and we hope that it will be unnecessary to mention that no exertions on our part shall be spared.

The public are now in possession of our project, which does indeed seem to be demanded, by the avidity so recently displayed for the possession of the Declaration of Independence, since it is of very little import to become acquainted with a man's hand writing without a previous knowledge of the man. The secret history of our Declaration of Independence, the lives of those who have affixed their signatures to that instrument, accompanied by their likenesses, and finally the Declaration itself with fac-miles of the signatures, will bring into one compact view the prominent facts of that interesting crisis.

CONDITIONS.

I. The work will be published in numbers, or half volumes, of 150 pages octavo, and will be contained in ten numbers.

II. It will be printed on fine paper made expressly for the purpose, and delivered to subscribers at two dollars and fifty cents per half volume or number, payable on delivery.

☞Subscriptions will be received at the office of the Alexandria Gazette.
December 29

Engineer Department,

Washington, Dec. 2, 1818.

SEALED proposals will be received at this department until 28th February, 1819, for delivering at Old Point Comfort, Chesapeake Bay, 80,000 perches of Building Stone, and 2000 tons of White Free Stone, of the most durable quality: to be delivered before the first day of January, 1821. (Signed) W. K. ARMISTEAD,
Lieut. Col. Commandant Engineers.
December 5 2m

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
at the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets,
Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.
☞All kinds of goods which are on limitation, and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation prices.
january P. G. MARSTELLER.

Notice.

THE subscriber gives notice that he has withdrawn from the concern of Messrs. Saxen, Metcalf & Co. and does not consider himself any longer a partner of that concern. Mr. Dwight Metcalf, one of the said firm, has the necessary funds to discharge any claims that may exist against the concern. JOSEPH BAXTER, jun.
january 5

Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN, ROYAL-STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

VOL. XIX.] SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16, 1819. [No. 5437.

English & German Almanacs
For 1819,

WITH a large and general stock of *school books and stationary*, suitable for the country trade, for sale by
Oct 8 JOHN A. STEWART.

This day is published,

AND for sale at the bookstore of
JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
The Controversy between M. B. & Quæro,
which appeared in the Alexandria newspapers in the year 1817, on some points of
ROMAN CATHOLICISM:
To which is added AN APPENDIX, containing a brief notice of Luther—of Indulgencies—of the Inquisition—and of the Order of the Jesuits.
BY A PROTESTANT.
Price in boards one dollar Sept 3

Book-Binding.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced the BOOK-BINDING AND STATIONARY BUSINESS, on the south side of King, between Fairfax and Royal streets—where they offer for sale, a small assortment of Stationary, and a variety of
Blank Books,
of every kind; all of which are made of the best materials, and will be disposed of on the most liberal terms.
Orders from Banks, and other public offices; from merchants, and country dealers, will be thankfully received, and meet with due attention and punctuality.
JAMES & ARCHIBALD DOUGLASS.
☞Wrapping paper by the bale or ream.
December 21

Books and Stationary.

ROBERT GRAY has just received for sale on commission, an invoice of Books and Stationary, among which are the following articles, viz:
Sir Robert Wilson's sketch of the military and political power of Russia
Phillips's speeches; Shey's bookkeeping
Say's catechism of political economy
Manners & customs; Accidents of life
Bennett's letters; history of the late war
Volney's Ruins; Brownie of Bodsbeck
The Sisters; Pope's Essay on Man
Tales of my Landlord; Taylor's Inquiry
Travels at home; Domestic Medicine
Debates of the Virginia Convention, on the adoption of the Federal Constitution
Wright's Life of Christ and his apostles
Bonnet boards by the gross, dozen or single; superfine vellum cap writing paper
August 28

New Books.

Just received on consignment, and for sale by the subscriber,
TALES of my landlord, second series
New tales, by Mrs Opie
Zion's Pilgrim, by Robert Hawker, D D
Events of the French Revolution, by the baroness de Stael; O'Reiley's Greenland
Johnson's quarto dictionary, vol. I
Taylor's Arator, 4th edition
Raffle's tour on the continent
Village sermons; Olive-Branch
Dwight's geography for schools, in which Europe is divided according to the late act of the congress of Vienna Also,
A few copies of Bible News or Sacred Truths relating to the Living God, his only Son, and Holy Spirit, by Noah Worcester, A M
ROBERT GRAY.
Oct 16

Romulus Riggs's
EXCHANGE BANKING HOUSE,
AND
BROKER'S OFFICE.
Bridge-street, Georgetown.

THIS is intended as a permanent establishment, and the community will find it one of the greatest conveniences in the United States, and of great public utility. At this house the fair exchange on the different bank notes from every part of the union can at all times be had: It is to be hoped that, by the operations of this office, the community will get rid of a host of Shilocks, Shavers, Secret and Running Brokers, who infest the District, frequently proclaiming the failure of country solvent banks, for the express purpose of purchasing the notes of such institutions at great discounts. Business under the following heads will be transacted. This establishment possesses funds to negotiate for any amount, and all business done for cash.

1st. All bank checks, bills at sight, post notes not due, and bank notes from all parts of the United States, bought and sold.

2d. All notes, bills of exchange, dividends and interests, collected and remitted according to orders.

3d. The notes of the United States' bank and all of its branches received at par.

4th. Strangers, citizens, and others, may deposit current money for safe keeping—and if left for thirty days, or longer, will receive at the rate of six per cent. per annum for the same.

5th. All business in the line of a money broker promptly attended to for a small commission.

6th. All southern and western traders, bringing to the district large sums of southern and western bank notes, can deposit for safe keeping, and draw for the same as may suit their convenience.

7th. Prompt attention paid to the orders of all respectable brokers and exchange offices throughout the United States—who will please to favor me occasionally with their rates of exchange on bank notes and bills. Georgetown, Dec. 9

Piano Fortes.

TWO elegant fine toned Piano Fortes, with the additional keys, for sale by
JAS. KENNEDY & SON.
September 9

Ladies Dresses.

MRS. WALLACE, successor to Mrs. Dodd, most respectfully informs the Ladies of Alexandria and its vicinity, that she has commenced the fancy and plain Dress and Corset making, on King-st. near Alfred-st. and has just received the newest fashions from England. Any ladies that may favor her with their orders may rest assured they shall be attended to with neatness and punctuality on moderate terms.
Dec. 2. 3w

The Gentleman's
ANNUAL POCKET REMEMBRANCER
For 1819,

CONTAINING—The Almanac; ruled pages for memorandums; duties payable on goods, &c.; naval and custom house officers; public appraisers; information concerning patents; post office establishment; official army and navy lists; a correct register of the American navy; marine corps; government of the U. States, executive, legislative and judiciary; territorial governments; intercourse with foreign nations; directors and cashiers of the bank of the U. States, &c. &c.
ALSO,
THE LADY's POCKET-BOOK for 1819,
Containing—The Almanac; ruled pages for memorandums; description of Pitcairn's island; bishop Watson's letter on a future state; remarks on female dress and on marriage; morality of the Battledore; account of the Cherokee schools. *Selected Poetry*—Answers to last year's enigmas; charades; new and fashionable songs; rebusses. New country dances and waltzes; marketing tables; tables reducing shillings and pence to cents; also for showing the value of dollars in pounds, shillings and pence—
Are just received for sale by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON.
November 24 dtf

Exchange & Broker's Office,
Georgetown, District of Columbia.
ROMULUS RIGGS.

AT his office, next door below Crawford's tavern, Bridge-st. Georgetown, will exchange all kinds of Bank Notes on the most reasonable terms.—All persons who may have notes on the banks of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, would do well to call on him, as he is largely in the purchase of that kind of money, and will take it on the most reasonable terms.—Persons travelling to the Western Country may at all times get the Bank Notes of the Western Banks at a fair discount, by calling at his Office. For the information of all persons throughout the U. States, R. Riggs makes it known, that all of the Banks of the District of Columbia pay their notes on demand in specie; and it would be much to the advantage of the merchants, and trading to the South and west, to encourage the circulation of the Notes of the Banks of Georgetown, Washington and Alexandria, as it will at all times answer for remittances to the large commercial and Atlantic towns;—all persons emigrating or travelling to the westward should be very particular and take the Notes of the Banks of the District of Columbia, as they will find them the most current, there being no counterfeits on the District Banks. The Merchants' Bank of Alexandria has long since failed—all persons should be on their guard, as they will be imposed on. August 18

Coffee, Sugar and Salt.

JOHN H. LADD & Co. offer for sale the cargo of the schr Oscar, from Castine, viz.
11000 lbs Havana coffee
53 boxes white Havana sugar
22 do brown do
800 bushels bright Lisbon salt
2 pipes real choice old L. P. Madeira
40 bushels potatoes in casks [wine
December 30

Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, &c.

WE have just received by the Regulator from Bermuda, and Emily from Savannah, and for sale,
2 hhds and 18 bbls prime sugars
18 hhds of bright molasses
10 hhds prime green coffee
15 bales of Upland cotton
6 tierces of fresh rice
3750 ox horns
ALSO, IN STORE,
20 jars of quicksilver
50 boxes fresh raisins
1000 lbs soft shelled almonds
1000 bushels Cadiz salt
10 tons Swedes bar iron
50 bls tanners' oil
With a handsome assortment of German linens MORDECAI MILLER & SON.
january 6 ws3w

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber about the 4th of August, Negro Woman LOUIZA—she is 25 years old, about 5 feet five inches high, and stout; has some of her front teeth out, and is apt to laugh when spoken to; she has a sister Marinda and a mother living in Georgetown, one above Semmes's tavern, and the other on Herring Hill, where she has been harbored for two weeks, and left there to come home, but has not done so. I expect she can be found in Georgetown or Alexandria, where she has many acquaintances. I will give the above reward if brought home, or lodged in jail so that I get her again.
ROBERT HARPER.
Prince George's co. Maryland,
September 8 dtf

Tobacco and Segars.

JUST received and for sale, first quality
Chewing Tobacco,
AND
Fine flavored Spanish Segars.
Sept 29 WM. DEVAUGHN.

Just Landing,

FROM brig Susan, from Portland, and for sale at the cabinet warehouse, lower end of Prince-street,
Carrioles, Waggons, &c.
together with Furniture and Chairs, viz.:
3 top carrioles, with plated harness
14 Jersey waggons, with harness
Bureaus; tables; sideboards
Dressing glasses; bedsteads; chairs
A few barrels No 1 mackerel
A general assortment of goods in his line—*comprising the best variety in the district of Columbia:* all of which will be sold low.
ON HAND,
Mahogany, in logs and boards.
☞Furniture, &c. made and repaired as usual. SAMUEL WARD.

Bank Notes.
1000 to 50,000 Dollars.

ROMULUS RIGGS,
At his Exchange and Brokers Office, Bridge-street, Georgetown,
WISHES to purchase from one to fifty thousand dollars of North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia bank notes, which will be taken at a very small discount. All kinds of western and other uncurrent bank notes exchanged on the lowest terms.—Persons travelling to the westward can at all times get the notes of these banks at a reasonable discount.—Bills of exchange and bank checks, negociated on any part of the United States.—Notes of United States bank, and all of the branches, exchanged.
Georgetown, one door below Crawford's tavern, October 17.

I. HOIT'S
PRINTERS' WAREHOUSE,
NO. 32 BURLING-SLIP, NEW-YORK.

PRINTING TYPES, of all the kinds manufactured in the United States; the Columbian printing press; common do; standing presses, various sizes; printing ink, from the different factories, all kinds; cast and wrought iron chases, from the super-royal to the card chase; sheepsfoots; turnscrews; job and book sticks, with brass or iron slides; mahogany do; shears; spring steel points; common do; bodkins; saws; girths; ball skins for news or book work; ball stocks, do; ball nails; wool; wool cards; candlesticks; snuffers; imposing stones, with frames, for one or two forms; brass double and single rule; column rules; parchments; lye brushes; dust, proof and pick do; metal cuts of houses, ships, steam-boats, and stages; cherry and whitewood cases; do for Greek, figure and rule, flowers, and algebra; galleys of all kinds; frames with or without slides; case racks; swing troughs; wetting do; furniture of all kinds; letter, press and paper boards; mallets; shooting sticks; planers; quoins; press blankets; page cord; blank cards; *Printing, Writing and Letter Paper,* of all kinds; together with ornaments and other articles, all of the best quality.
☞A large assortment of second hand type, of almost every description, for sale as above, specimens of any sount of which will be forwarded to order.
Every kind of PRINTING and WRITING PAPER, supplied at the manufacturer's price. October 3

Musical Tuition.

THE subscriber, at the solicitation of many individuals, is induced to take the house next door to Mr. Moore's Notary office, Prince-street, where he will teach Instrumental Music this winter. He assures those who may patronize him, that his utmost efforts shall be exerted to give perfect satisfaction. Subscription papers are left at Mr. Gray's bookstore.
Ladies will be taught on the Double or Single Flageolet, and Music arranged and neatly copied.
Oct 29 LIONEL J. LARKIN.

Gone to the Southward or Westward,

A YELLOW WOMAN, called Celia Detcher, in the 23d year of her age, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high—marks like moles on the right side of her face, which, with several letters on her left arm, were made with india ink. She is about four months gone in a state of pregnancy—followed her husband, Jim Clark, a yellow man, who was purchased from this place and taken away in company with a large number of slaves, about two week ago, by a man of the name of Basset. It is supposed they have gone to the westward: Celia was born free, and had with her a notarial certificate of her freedom, and description of her person. Her mother, the subscriber, is much afflicted by her manner of going away, and desires that any humane people who may chance to meet with her, will persuade her to return, being apprehensive that when she gets into a strange country, where she will be unknown and out of the reach of her friends and those who would be likely to protect her, attempts may be made by some avaricious and unprincipled persons, to deprive her of her liberty, and sell her *for a slave.* Should any such attempts be made, fifty dollars reward will be paid to any person who will communicate such information as shall lead to the conviction of the offenders, and the recovery of the woman.
HANNAH DETCHER.
Alexandria, October 6, 1818.

Wheat, Old Corn, and Maryland Tobacco,

PURCHASED BY
Oct 24 *LAWRASON & FOWLE.*

Wheat.

I wish to purchase several thousand bushels of wheat, for which a liberal price will be given. THOMAS V. HUCK.
9th mo 16 tf

Just Received,

BY late arrivals from New-York, Boston and Portland, a large assortment of goods, comprising the following articles, viz:
3 Grecian sofas, good quality
3 small side boards
26 dozen chairs, different kinds
12 bureaus
16 tables
1 case sup. quality looking glasses
Work and light stands
20 dozen common brooms
10 plated harnesses
7 carrioles, with gig tops
16 do. common
Also, by schooner Stag, from Baltimore,
35 logs St. Domingo mahogany
In Store,
25 logs do. and a large assortment of furniture—For sale by
SAMUEL WARD,
Lower end of Prince-street.
**Furniture made and repaired, as usual. December 15

New Books,

FOR sale at the commission bookstore of
R. GRAY.
A new work on Farriery; 1 vol. octavo, bound, 2 dols.
The Christian Œconomy; a valuable little work, said to be translated from the original Greek of an old manuscript found in the Island of Patmos, where St. John wrote his book of the Revelations. Price, half bound, 37½ cents.
ON HAND,
A good supply of Writing and Letter paper. November 18

Spermaceti Candles, &c.

JUST RECEIVED,
33 boxes Rodman's sperm. candles
20 muscatel raisins
20 bloom do
30 bls apples—(Newtown pippins)
Men's coarse and fine shoes
Women's shoes and slippers
Boys' and children's shoes
In store,
1500 bushels Albany oats
Together with a general assortment of groceries. S. & T. PLUMMER.
December 15

To Ship-owners,
MASTERS OF VESSELS & OTHERS.

THE subscriber (late from England) mathematical instrument maker, offers his services to clean and repair all sorts of *Ship's Compasses, Quadrants, Sextants, &c.* in the best manner, at his house on Prince-street, between Pitt and St. Asaph streets.
Oct 31 DANIEL MUNRO.

Notice.

ON Monday the 4th of January next, between 3 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, the stockholders of the Washington and Alexandria Turnpike Company will meet at Brown's hotel, in the town of Alexandria, to elect five directors, a clerk, and a treasurer, for the ensuing year.
Dec 18 BENJ. C. ASHTON.

Bank of Alexandria,

Dec. 21, 1817.

THE stockholders in the Bank of Alexandria are hereby notified that an election for nine directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Court-House in this town, on the third Monday (18th) of January next. J. L. M'KENNA,
Dec 21 t18J Cashier.

John Jackson & Co.

OFFER FOR SALE,
100 kegs 3's, 10's, 12's, & lb. twist tobacco—just received per schnr Dolphin, from Richmond, superior quality and warranted
20 barrels Albany ale, very fine
10 bales cloths, cassimeres, flannels, burlaps, drab cloths, &c. &c.—per sloop Mechanic, from New-York.
IN STORE,
Rum, gin, brandy, wines, almonds, filberts, wrapping paper, &c. &c.—on terms to meet the views of purchasers it is presumed, as they will be made very accommodating. Dec. 4.

The National Register

IS a paper which is published, every Saturday, at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, and each number contains sixteen pages octavo, in small but very legible type. It makes two volumes in the year; and every volume is accompanied with a copious Index. The price per annum is five dollars, payable in advance. The Public Documents, both foreign and domestic; the proceedings of Congress, and authentic news of every description, are regularly inserted therein, and accompanied by critical and explanatory remarks. Its value is also enhanced by occasional reviews of literary works; and all its sentiments are decidedly American, independent of all party considerations. For this work, which is well established, regularly published, and transmitted weekly to subscribers by the mail, the public patronage is respectfully solicited.
LAWRENCE, WILSON & Co.
December 12 tf

Alexandria Weekly Messenger.

PROPOSALS for printing by subscription, in the town of Alexandria, a Newspaper, to be entitled The ALEXANDRIA WEEKLY MESSENGER.

1st. This paper will be printed on a new type, quarto form, and super royal paper—particular attention will be paid to the press work, which, the Editor does not hesitate to declare, shall not be excelled by any other paper of the same size in the United States.

2d. The price to subscribers will be two dollars per year, one-half to be paid on subscribing, the balance at the end of six months. Any person subscribing, may withdraw his or her name at the expiration of the half year, if not convenient to take the paper any longer.

3d. It is expected that this paper will have a handsome support from the citizens of Alexandria, Georgetown, Washington, Baltimore, Frederick-town, Leesburg, and other places, where subscription papers are to be sent, the Alexandria Weekly Messenger will, therefore, prove an important vehicle to advertising customers, whose favors are respectfully requested.

PROSPECTUS.

IN announcing this Prospectus to the public, the Editor deems it respectful to submit the motives which have induced the undertaking, as well as the plan on which it will be conducted.

Grown old and infirm in the duties of his profession, he feels himself under the necessity of attempting something towards the support of his family, which he has not been able hitherto to effect by the small stipend that he has been accustomed to receive. He founds no small portion of his hopes of success, therefore, on the fact, that, though the merits of his paper may not prove equivalent to the small pecuniary cost of it, yet an ample remuneration may be found in the consideration of having relieved a young and helpless family. But he is not without hope, that the work itself will prove to be not altogether unworthy of the public patronage.

A paper upon the plan now proposed, containing a summary of the topics ordinarily inserted in such publications, and at a price so reduced, as to render it accessible to all, is acknowledged by many to have been long wanted. With what ability the one proposed will be conducted, the public will judge. The Editor can, at least, promise, that no pains will be spared either by his own exertions, or by the assistance of literary gentlemen on whose kindness he relies, to give interest and worth to his pages.

In the present tranquil state of the political world, a newspaper editor, is, indeed, cut off from that ever ready source which is to be found in the history of war and bloodshed. But, happily, what is wanting in this view, to feed the cravings of warlike spirits, is more than supplied by the fruitful sources of true and permanent interest which are opened to us by the pacification of the world. There is still left sufficient of theme, which though apparently less brilliant in character or daring in action, is not less splendid or useful than those achievements which lay empires in ruins, and drench fields with blood. The progress of learning, the improvements in arts and science, the daily discoveries on agriculture, the impulsion of machinery, by which labor is saved, navigation facilitated, and agriculture and commerce rendered more prosperous—the triumphant march of humanity and religion, by means of asylums for the deaf and dumb, Bible, Colonization, and Abolition Societies, Sunday Schools, and various other noble institutions, whereby the blessings of knowledge, of civiiization and christianity are extending throughout the world;—these are topics which are fraught with high interest and instruction to those who wish well to the best interests of mankind. It will be the object of the Editor to disseminate information on these subjects, and to furnish motives for their further accomplishment. The earliest foreign news, abstracts of the proceedings of Congress, the political relations of this country towards others, marine intelligence, remarkable occurrences, interesting law reports, and all subjects connected with them, will obtain the earliest notice. Essays, selected and original, on morality and religion, will also find a place in this paper.

Whatever tends to undermine virtue and religion, these great pillars of government, and of social order; whatever is contrary to chastity and decorum; whatever tends to excite disorganization and sedition in government, or animosities and quarrels in society, will be discountenanced and opposed. Personal invectives and recriminations will therefore not be admitted.—In short, it will be the study of the Editor to make his paper a repository of whatever is interesting, entertaining and useful to his readers, whether as subjects of government, or as men and members of society, or as philanthropists or christians. With these views and motives he now appeals to a generous public for their patronage, hoping that the worthy citizens of this place and its vicinity, will at least give him the opportunity of a trial, by which he expects to redeem the pledges now given to carry into effect the high objects of his undertaking. JOHN WINTER.
Alexandria, January 11, 1819.

Private Tuition.

THE subscriber has procured a young gentleman (a graduate of Yale college) to conduct a private school in his family, and would be willing to receive three or four boarders for the next year. The instructor is eminently qualified to teach all the different branches both of a classical and mathematical education.
THOMAS TURNER.
Fauquier county, Vir. Nov 30

GAZETTE
AND
Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL-STREET.

Daily Gazette, 7 dolls...Country, 5 dolls.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1819.

From the National Intelligencer.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATITES, JAN. 12.

SEMINOLE WAR, &c.

Continued.

These facts being ascertained by general Jackson from unquestionable authority, he immediately took up his line of march towards Pensacola, at the head of a detachment of about 1200 men, for the purpose of counteracting the views of the enemy, and to execute his orders from the war department, by terminating the war speedily, and with exemplary punishment for hostilities so unprovoked. On the 10th May, he crossed the Appalachicola at the Ochesee village, with the view of scouring the country west of that river; and, on the 23d of the same month, he received a communication from the governor of West Florida, protesting against his entrance into that province, commanding him to retire from it, and declaring that he would repel force by force, provided he should not obey. This communication, together with the evident indications of hostility in the governor, who had been well advised of the object of general Jackson's operations, determined the measures which he pursued. Accordingly he marched directly to Pensacola, and with but the shadow of opposition took possession of that place the following day, the governor having fled to fort Carlos de Barrancas; which post, after a feeble resistance, was also surrendered to gen. Jackson on the 28th; by which the Indians and fugitive negroes were effectually deprived of all possible means of continuing their depredations, or screening themselves from the arm of justice. Thus gloriously terminated the Seminole war: a war reluctantly entered into, but urged by dire necessity, to protect from the tomahawk and scalping knife of the most ruthless savages our peaceful frontier settlers, who, from decrepid age to helpless infancy, for more than two years, had been exposed to their cruelties—a war in which our citizens and soldiers, with their usual fortitude and valor under their persevering and determined commander, endured long and difficult marches—submitted to painful privations, subdued a brave and merciless enemy, without suffering one defeat, or betraying a solitary mark of dismay to tarnish the lustre of their country's glory. A variety of circumstances convinced gen. Jackson that the savages had commenced this war, and persisted in their barbarities, under the influence of some foreign incendiaries, more criminal than the uncivilized natives. Alexander Arbuthnot, who avowed himself a British subject and resided among the savages as an Indian trader, was taken at St. Marks, to which place he had withdrawn as danger approached, and was living as an inmate in the family of the commandant. It appearing that he had been a zealous advocate for the pretended rights of the savages, and in this respect the successor of the notorious col. Nichols, of the British colonial marines, in the late war with Great Britain; that he had repeatedly written in their behalf to the Spanish governor of St. Augustine, the governor of the Bahamas, the British minister in the United States, and to col. Nichols, endeavoring to procure aid from both those governments against the United States; that he had repeatedly advised the Indians not to comply with the treaty of fort Jackson, assuring them that the lands ceded to the U States by them in 1814 were to be restored by virtue of the treaty of peace with Great Britain; general Jackson ordered him to be tried by a court martial, consisting of 13 respectable officers, with maj gen. Gaines, president. The court was directed to decide upon the fact of his guilt or innocence: and if guilty, what punishment should be inflicted. Upon satisfactory testimony, he was convicted of inciting and stirring up the hostile Creeks to war against the United States and her citizens; and of aiding, abetting and comforting the enemy, supplying them with the means of war, and by the court sentenced to be hung. Robert C. Ambrister, late a lieutenant of the British marine corps, and with the hostile Indians and fugitive negroes, the successor of Woodbine, of notorious memory, was taken near the mouth of Sowaney river. It being well known that he had been a leader and commander of the hostile Indians and fugitive slaves, gen. Jackson also directed him to be tried by the same court martial. Upon satisfactory evidence he was convicted of having aided and comforted the enemy, supplying them with the means of war by giving them intelligence of the movements and operations of the army of the U. States, and by sending the Indians and negroes to fight against them; and upon his own confession, as well as the clearest evidence of having led and commanded the lower Creeks in carrying on the war against the United States, was by the court sentenced to be shot. One of the members requesting a reconsideration of the sentence, it was agreed to; and, on a revision, the court sentenced him to receive 50 stripes on his bare back, and be confined with a ball and chain to hard labor for 12 calendar months. Gen. Jackson approved the sentence in the case of Arbuthnot; and in the case of Ambrister, he disapproved the reconsideration, and confirmed the first sentence. They were both executed accordingly. In relation to these transactions, questions of the first magnitude present themselves, which the committee have deemed it their duty to investigate. Was gen. Jackson justifiable, after marching his army across the line, into the territory of Spain, in taking possession, by force of arms, of the Spanish posts, St. Marks and Pensacola? Had he the right to punish Alexander Arbuthnot and Robert C. Ambrister?

From the facts submitted, it is perfectly evident that the Spanish authorities in Florida did not retain that neutral character which was necessary to render its territory sacred; but, by their own acts, either of hostility or imbecility, they made that territory the seat of war. Independent of the solemn obligations of treaty, whereby Spain engaged to keep the Indians within her territory at peace with the United States, no principle is more firmly established by the laws of nations, than this, that a nation at war has the right to pursue the hostile army into the territory of a neutral nation, and to make that territory the seat of war, when either the weakness or partiality of the neutral nation shall suffer the belligerent army, retreating into its [illegible] y there to rally, collect strength, and provide supplies, to enable them to renew the conflict, and especially when munitions of war shall be supplied, either by the citizens or authorities of the neutral nation.

But, in the consideration of this subject, it should never be forgotten that Spain was bound, by the solemn stipulations of treaty with the United States, herself to have fought these battles; or, if too weak to have done so, at least to have made common cause with the United States against these lawless tribes of savages. The United States have never recognized the Indians, within her territorial limits, as nations *absolutely* independent; hence it has ever been considered the duty of the Executive, when they have been guilty of murders and depredations upon our citizens, either in plundering parties, or in the more formidable aspect of Indian armies, to order against them the military force of the country, or call into service the militia, as the case may require, to check their barbarities, and to punish their crimes.

In accordance with this principle, the executive has ever acted since the commencement of the present government. Repeated and bloody depredations upon our southern frontier, in which peaceful husbandmen, defenceless women, and innocent children were made the victims of savage ferocity, not only rendered it necessary to put into operation the military force of the nation; but the shelt[illegible]ing of the Indians beyond the limits of the United States gave occasion for the orders to General Jackson, to pursue them beyond these limits. If Spain regards the Indians in the same light, it was a duty no less incumbent upon her by the laws of nations, than by treaty, to have repressed their lawless depredations—and, in her agents' failing to do so, if, through neglect, they made themselves parties in the war; or if through weakness they forfeited the right of sovereignty in that territory where they failed to *maintain it*. But, if Spain regards the Indians as communities *absolutely independant*, then the territory by right of occupancy, belonged to the Indians and not to Spain, and the invasion was of the enemy's territory. Had the commandant of the Spanish post at St. Marks done his duty, in withholding from the enemy supplies, and in denying them a refuge within the reach of his own fort, the necessity of interrupting his garrison would not have existed; nor is it presumed that any attempt would have been made by General Jackson to possess himself of that post.—And it is also presumed that his orders to respect the Spanish posts were predicated upon this supposed state of things. But, as the object of the entrance into Florida, was the reduction of the Indian force—to bring the Seminole war to a speedy and successful termination, which was exhausting the blood and the treasure of the nation, it was a duty which he owed to his country to effect that object. Any result short of this would have only increased the evils which it was his duty to correct;—and this could not be effected while Spanish fortifications were appropriated to their defence, and yet regarded as sacred by him. To have retired with his forces, under such a combination of circumstances which would have confirmed the erroneous impression entertained by the Indians and the Spanish authorities, of the sacred character of these places of refuge and of succor to our ferocious enemy, would have perpetuated the war, and given it the character of permanency, which the honor of the United States required should be speedily concluded, and with the most exemplary punishment. The commandant at St. Marks himself acknowledged that his command was at the mercy of the Indians and negroes, he ought, therefore, hailed the approach of General Jackson, with his American forces as a deliverer, and to have co-operated with him in the common cause, when he was assured that the object was a military occupation, for the express purpose of putting an end to the Seminole war, and not for conquest. But the facts present this subject yet in a much stronger light to the committee. The Indians received not only shelter, but comforts and munitions, and all the facilities for carrying on the war, which a Spanish army could have received from that post. Did this conduct on the part of the Spanish commandant, result from a hostile disposition? If so, he became a party in the war. Or was it the effect of imbecility, as his professions of great friendship would imply? If so, the act of garrissoning St. Marks with an American force, bears no character of hostility to Spain, but was warranted by the law of nations—by the treaty with Spain, and by the first law of nature—self protection.—Had the Governor of West Florida maintained the neutral character which was confidently expected, and which it was his duty to have done, the Seminole war had here ended, and our flag would not have been unfurled in that territory. The Indian establishmen's at Mickasuky and Suwaney broken up—their villages burnt—their supplies cut off—St. Marks occupied by our troops, their power in East Florida was entirely annihilated.

In the firm conviction that the war was ended, General Jackson had ordered the Georgia militia to be disbanded, and was upon the point of returning himself, with the Tennessee and Kentucky volunteers, when he learned that the object of the campaign was not yet entirely accomplished.

The vanquished enemy crossing into W. Florida, where the authorities of Spain proved as imbecile as in the eastern province, renewed their depredations, by their incursions into the adjoining territory of the United States, and committing murders upon our frontier settlers. Every circumstance, which not only justified the act, but which rendered it an imperious duty for him to enter the Spanish territory of East Florida, was equally applicable to the act of his crossing the Appalachicola, to break down the power of the enemy in West Florida. But the conduct of the Governor, taken in connection with the circumstances which induced the entrance into Pensacola, rendered its occupancy by Gen. Jackson, if possible, yet more palpably necessary, than that of St. Marks. Well apprised of Gen. Jackson's object, that he had not entered the Floridas in hostility to Spain, but to do that which *Spain* was bound to do, both by treaty and by the laws of nations, to give security to our own citizens, within our own territory, by destroying the power of the savage foe;—The Governor of Pensacola in equal violation of the laws of neutrality and of humanity, succoured those enemies, supplied them with munitions of war, sheltered and conveyed from the hand of justice those of them who were returning from the bloody prey; and when General Jackson was executing the righteous mandates of an injured and indignant nation upon them, the Governor commanded him to depart from the territory, threatening to oppose force by force, should he not comply. Thus circumstanced, what should general Jackson have done? Should he have been induced, by the unprovoked and gasconading menaces of a foreign Governor, to retrace his steps? Or should he have remained stationary, until he could have despatched a messenger to the Executive, for instructions how to act? This would have ill-become an American General, whose movements were sanctioned by the sacred laws of nature and of nations, and by the solemn stipulations of the foreign prince, as well as by the authority of his own government.

Should he have left it in quiet possession of a savage foe? This would have defeated the whole object of the war. There was but one course, in the opinion of the committee, which he could pursue, consistently with the honor of the nation, and the safety of its frontier citizens. The Governor of West Florida, by his own act, had become a party with the savages in the war: or had, at least, by his imbecility, forfeited the right of sovereignty within the territory; and the occupancy of the Spanish posts in that province, by General Jackson was, in the opinon of the committee, a sacred duty which he owed to himself, to his army, to the government, and to his country. While this nation scrupulously regards the dictates of justice, in her intercourse with all nations civilized and savage, it is a duty which she owes to her own character and to the safety of her citizens, to assert her rights and avenge her wrongs. In relation to these movements, it appears to your committee, that the executive has sanctioned the act of General Jackson, in the occupancy of those posts, by requiring *that* condition, which the laws of nations and the treaty with Spain justify, in order to the restoration of St. Marks; and if Pensacola is not held subject to the same condition, this does not imply relinquishment of the right, but should be regarded as the evidence of an amicable disposition towards Spain.

The committee now enter upon the other point; that, of the trial and execution of the foreign instigators, Arbuthnot and Ambrister—a subject of more delicacy and tenderness, as it involves the lives and liberties of individuals; yet of equal magnitude, and, in the opinion of the committee, of equal clearness. In ancient times, when barbarism more generally prevailed, and even polished nations seemed unconcious of the lies of humanity, which ought ever to bind the whole family of mankind in tenderness and affection, the practice obtained, of putting to death the soldiers and even the citizens of a vanquished enemy, by the sword and even by the public execution, or of holding prisoners of war in slavery for life, and entailing bondage upon their posterity. But the progress of civilization, aided by the benign influence of christianity, has, in modern days, produced a radical change, highly honorable to the civilized world.

(*To be continued.*)

ALEXANDRIA:
SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1819.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT AT WASHINGTON

Friday, January 15.

You will have perceived that the transactions of yesterday in the house of representatives were very little conversant of any matter worth the trouble of communicating for the entertainment of the mass of your readers. The only thing that strikes me as being in the slightest degree attractive of notice, is a report from the Secretary of War, made in obedience to a resolution of the house passed in April last, calling upon him to report a plan for the application of the means placed in the power of congress, to the making of such roads and canals as may deserve the aid of government, with a view to military operations in time of war. It also contains an account of the works of that nature which have been commenced—the progress made in them, and the means and prospects of their completion. This report is spoken of with much approbation by those who have read it—and no doubt will be found, when it meets the public eye, to justify the applause bestowed upon it.

A resolution, passed on motion of Mr. Johnson, *of Virginia*, calling upon the President to inform the house whether any application had been made by the Independent governments in South America to have a minister from them accredited by our government, and what answer had been given to that application.

LEGISLATURE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

On Tuesday last Mr. Snyder, as chairman of the committee on banks, reported to senate a bill the object of which is to declare null and void the charter of any bank tendering in payment to the commonwealth any bank notes for which payment *in specie* shall not actually be paid on demand, and taking from the bank all power except so much as shall be necessary to close its concerns. The state treasurer to give notice in — newspapers when the charter of any bank shall be revoked. It will be obvious to our readers that this bill has arisen out of a letter addressed to the legislature by the state treasurer, which was predicated upon the facts of the Farmers bank of Lancaster having tendered to the state treasurer as payment of the per centage due from said bank the sum of $2065 in notes of banks which do not pay specie. The Farmers' bank to be allowed —— days to make good its debt or its charter to be annulled.

[*Philadelphia paper, Jan. 12.*

Boston. Jon. 9.

MAIL ROBBERY.

The mail from Salem of Tuesday evening, we learn, is missing, and that it contained a letter addressed to the Cashier of the Branch Bank of the United States here, covering checks on various banks to the amount of 7800 dollars.—One of these for 150 dollars was offered in payment at a shop in Cornhill on Wednesday, by a person calling himself Moses Hidden, and stopped; and H. made off. The description of this fellow, we learn, agrees with the person of one *Head*, who on that evening came with the mail stage from Salem as an assistant driver. The other letter sent from Salem by Wednesday's mail, and advertised as missing, we learn, has since come to hand, having been delayed by some circumstances.

The king of Portugal has composed a poem on charity, mercy and humility.

Extract from an act of the corporation of Alexandria for the extinguishment of Fires.

Section 7. If any person who shall be present at any fire, shall neglect or refuse to obey the order or direction of any officer who shall be appointed by any fire company now established or which may be hereafter established, knowing him to be an officer, such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars; provided the name of such officer shall have been first published in one of the public papers.

January 11, 1819.

At a meeting of the Friendship Fire Company, the following officers have been duly elected for the present year, viz.

Charles McKnight, 1st
James Carson, 2nd
James S. Scott, 3d — Commanders.

Charles Pascoe,
Matthew Robinson,
Samuel Smith — Subordinate Directors.

Thomas Towers,
Samuel B. Dermour,
Presley Jacobs,
James Gates, — Regulators.

John Longden,
Thomas Mount,
James Douglass,
David Marll, — Trustees.

Extract from the minutes,
Test, MATTHEW ROBINSON,
January 16—3t Secretary.

A Charity Sermon may be expected next Lord's day, in the forenoon, at the first Presbyterian church, by the Rev. ELIAS HARRISON, to enable the ONESIMUS SOCIETY to prosecute their labors of kindness in clothing the naked.—A liberal and cheerful contribution is expected.

Exchange Coffee-House
MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA...January 16.

No Arrival.

CLEARED.

Schr Emily, Spilman, for St. Jago de Cuba.

For Freight,

The packet sloop Ocean, to sail on Tuesday the 19th inst. for freight or passage apply on board to Capt. Middleton, or to BARNEWALL & POPHAM.
jan 16 3t

Lost,

WAS delivered on Messrs. Lawrason & Fowle's wharf on Thursday last, from the schnr. Emily, capt. Spillman, fr. Savannah, *Three Trees*, secured with wrapping, and from there taken by an unknown person—a liberal reward will be given for their delivery to RICHARD SLADE.
jan 16 1t

To the Public.

WHEN men who walk in the lower ranks of life, and whose abilities are not commensurate with their wishes to do evil, set out with the intent to rob and swindle the community, their want of talents and address frequently betrays them to suspicion and to ultimate conviction; But when a man of supposed integrity, and of respectable family, whose superior talents should be devoted to nobler purposes, and whose exterior appearance is well calculated to deceive, becomes the swindler and the knave, it is a duty due to society to caution them against him. Such a man is CHARLES TYLER—of the most respectable parentage, bred in the first circles of society, he came to this town and established himself as a merchant. By his mercantile talents and punctuality in business, his credit was greatly extended, and he contracted debts to the amount of nearly *one hundred thousand dollars*. The time then approached for the consummation of his villany: he suddenly stopped payment, without showing that he had sustained any loss, and after acknowledging, only a few days previous, that he had made *thirty thousand dollars* by shipments of tobacco; he then compromises with his creditors at *ten shillings in the pound*, and by the assistance of his friends, who believed his asseverations of honesty and misfortune, re-commenced business. Notwithstanding the almost universal belief of his want of integrity at that time, and the unfavorable circumstances under which he renewed business, by strict punctuality in meeting his engagements, the confidence of some was restored. But this was only as the calm which precedes the storm: he was only preparing the way for a deeper scheme of villany. At the approaching crisis he sold out his stock of dry goods at auction, with the intent, as he said, of entering into a different line of business. The notes which he received in payment of his goods, and also a draft on the government, which he held for the sale of a large quantity of bricks, he converted into cash, at a sacrifice of *twenty per cent.* About this time he purchased of me 500 barrels of flour, for which he gave me his checks on the Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, dated a few days ahead, for 400 barrels, and his note at thirty days for 100. This flour, with much more which he bought of different persons in the same manner, he sold for *cash*, before his checks became due. Having thus converted into money every article he could get within his grasp, he suddenly disappeared from town. After finding out where he was, I called upon him and demanded the cause of such conduct, and asked him what means he had of satisfying his creditors?—to which he replied, that he was a ruined man, and was not able to pay one cent. This evidently being a notorious falsehood, from the foregoing statement—to prevent the like imposition from being practised by him in any other place, I hereby publish the said CHARLES TYLER as a *swindler* and a *villain*.
jan 16 3t JAMES ENGLISH.

Notice.

THERE not having been a quorum at the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Washington and Alexandria turnpike company to render their proceedings legal, another meeting will take place at Brown's hotel, in the town of Alexandria, on Monday, the 8th day of February next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of choosing five directors, a clerk and a treasurer to serve the present year.
By order of the president and directors.
BENJ. C. ASHTON, Clerk.
january 15

Soap Stone.

A QUANTITY of soap stone of a superior quality, may be had on application to Mr. *Bernard Crook's*, stone-cutter's yard, where a sample may be seen.
january 18 3t

Fifty Dollars Re[ward]

WILL be given for appr[ehension] of the thief who broke in at [illegible] slow, and then broke open my [illegible] took the draw out of the sa[me] with Mr. James Carbin's sadd[le] them open, and took one Cra[vat] and one pair of pantaloons, all [new]. Also, 319 dollars, fifty of w[hich] Virginia paper, and the remai[nder] tucky. I also lost about seve[n] the best of my recollection, [all] was of the Mechanics' Bank.
On enquiry it appears, that [the] robbery was committed at my [house] was seen at Mr. Dennis John[son's] man, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inche[s] ed in white corded pantaloons [and] and dark big coat; and abo[ut the] time Mr. Johnson's house was [broken] Francis Johnson's new blue [cloth] coat taken, and his pocket kn[ife] of gloves; also, Mr. Willia[m's] pocket book, with about six[ty] person went into Mr's Johnso[n's] took three keys: Francis Jo[hnson] was found with the trunks t[aken] from the stage, and a biscui[t] Mr. Carbin's big coat poc[ket] found with the trunks. On t[he] ning there was a black man [in the] house by several of the neighb[ors] early in the night, of the sam[e] of the one that was at Mr. Den[ny's]
HENDLY
Dogue run Tavern, near Alexandria January 15.

Notice.

ALL persons are hereby [cautioned] against trespassing in an[y way] the lands of the subscriber, a[s] mined to put the law in forc[e] person offending. JAME[S]
january 13

Liverpool Sa[lt]

TWO THOUSAND bushe[ls] verpool salt, the cargo o[f the] lert, for sale by LAWRASON
Who have just received 10 [boxes] raisins. ja

Alexandria, Washington, & Geo[rgetown]

COACHE[S]

THE proprietors having fo[r the] modation of the public [have] line a new stage and horses, [to] Alexandria every morning a[t] for Washington and Georgetow[n] will leave Georgetown at [4] Washington at 5 past 4, [to] Fare 75 cents each way. [All] the risk of the owners.
jan 12

Notice.

THE subscribers having su[ffered] city of accounts due th[em] and finding it impossible to [collect] (or in other words those ind[ebted] pay) on this account it puts [it] power to be punctual in their [payments] and they have come to the [resolution] after this date to do business [on] work will be delivered out o[f the shop] less the cash is paid, except [in the] jobs to our punctual custom[ers] case a liberal discount will [be given] the work is completed. The[y return] thanks to those who have be[en] payment and solicit their p[ast] orders for blacksmith work w[hich] to. RICHARD RO[BERTS]
january 7

BLANK BO[OKS]

JAMES KENNEDY & S[on] received a large assortm[ent] of the following, viz.
Ledgers, single & double
Journals
Day books
Letter and invoice ditto
Record ditto, &c. &c.
in plain and Russia binding
approved plan.
A great variety of the sma[ller] Bank, receipt and memora[ndum] pocket ledgers; blank mus[ic] phering books; plain and ta[ble] books, for large and small ha[nds] or single.
07 Orders from the pub[lic] from merchants, to any pa[per] executed at a short notice.
December 5

Sugar, &c.

LANDING from the brig [Mary] Williams, from Marble[head] ale by LAWRASON
150 bags white sugars, s[uperior]
220 pieces 1st and 2d [cotton] duck
200 do heavy and light r[ussia]
200 do white and brown
4000 lbs soft shelled almo[nds]
january 1

Mechanics' Bank o[f Alexandria]

Decembe[r]

THE Stockholders of th[e] Bank of Alexandria a[re] fied that one quarter of the [amount] ment is called for to this ins[tant] ble at the Bank on the 19th [inst.] one quarter on the 19th of [March] one half of the eighth instalm[ent] of March next.
By order of the Board
P. [illegible]
December 7

Samuel Thom[pson]

TAKES the liberty of inf[orming] try friends and the pub[lic] established himself in the br[ick] on the north side of King-s[treet] above the corner of Fayette[ville] posite the diagonal pump,[ing] buy and sell flour, and receiv[e] and will transact with care[and] all business in his line, whic[h] ded to him. [illegible]stu4w

ch officer shall have been first published one of the public papers.
January 11, 1819.

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Commanders.
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James Carson, 2nd
James S. Scott, 3d

Subordinate Directors.
Charles Pascoe,
Matthew Robinson,
Samuel Smith

Regulators.
Thomas Towers,
Samuel B. Dermour,
Presley Jacobs,
James Gates,

Trustees.
John Longden,
Thomas Mount,
James Douglass,
David Marll,

Extract from the minutes,
Test, MATTHEW ROBINSON,
January 16—3t Secretary.

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Exchange Coffee-House
MARINE JOURNAL.

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No Arrival.
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Schr Emily, Spilman, for St. Jago de uba.

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To the Public.
WHEN men who walk in the lower ranks of life, and whose abilities are ot commensurate with their wishes to do vil, set out with the intent to rob and swinle the community, their want of talents nd address frequently betrays them to susicion and to ultimate conviction; But hen a man of supposed integrity, and of espectable family, whose superior talents hould be devoted to nobler purposes, and hose exterior appearance is well calculaed to deceive, becomes the swindler and he knave, it is a duty due to society to aution them against him. Such a man is CHARLES TYLER—of the most respectble parentage, bred in the first circles of ociety, he came to this town and establishd himself as a merchant. By his mercanile talents and punctuality in business, his redit was greatly extended, and he conracted debts to the amount of nearly *one undred thousand dollars*. The time then pproached for the consummation of his vilany: he suddenly stopped payment, without showing that he had sustained any loss, nd after acknowledging, only a few days revious, that he had made *thirty thousand dollars* by shipments of tobacco; he then compromises with his creditors at *ten shillings in the pound*, and by the assistance of his friends, who believed his asseverations of honesty and misfortune, re-commenced business. Notwithstanding the almost universal belief of his want of integrity at that time, and the unfavorable circumstances under which he renewed business, by strict punctuality in meeting his engagements, the confidence of some was restored. But this was only as the calm which precedes the storm: he was only preparing the way for a deeper scheme of villany. At the approaching crisis he sold out his stock of dry goods at auction, with the intent, as he said, of entering into a different line of business. The notes which he received in payment of his goods, and also a draft on the government, which he held for the sale of a large quantity of bricks, he converted into cash, at a sacrifice of *twenty per cent*. About this time he purchased of me 500 barrels of flour, for which he gave me his checks on the Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, dated a few days ahead, for 400 barrels, and his note at thirty days for 100. This flour, with much more which he bought of different persons in the same manner, he sold for *cash*, before his checks became due. Having thus converted into money every article he could get within his grasp, he suddenly disappeared from town. After finding out where he was, I called upon him and demanded the cause of such conduct, and asked him what means he had of satisfying his creditors?—to which he replied, that he was a ruined man, and was not able to pay one cent. This evidently being a notorious falsehood, from the foregoing statement—to prevent the like imposition from being practised by him in any other place, I hereby publish the said CHARLES TYLER as a *swindler* and a *villain*.
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january 15

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A QUANTITY of soap stone of a superior quality, may be had on application to Mr. *Bernard Crook's*, stone-cutter's yard, where a sample may be seen.
january 15 3t

Fifty Dollars Reward

WILL be given for apprehending the thief who broke in at my back window, and then broke open my bar door and took the draw out of the same, together with Mr. James Carbin's saddle bags, cut them open, and took one Cravat, one Shirt and one pair of pantaloons, all marked J. S. Also, 319 dollars, fifty of which were in Virginia paper, and the remainder in Kentucky. I also lost about seven dollars, to the best of my recollection, two of which was of the Mechanics' Bank.

On enquiry it appears, that the night the robbery was committed at my house, there was seen at Mr. Dennis Johnson's a black man, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, dressed in white corded pantaloons, short boots, and dark big coat; and about the same time Mr. Johnson's house was broke open, Francis Johnson's new blue broad cloth coat taken, and his pocket knife and a pair of gloves; also, Mr. William Johnson's pocket book, with about six dollars—the person went into Mr s Johnson's room, and took three keys: Francis Johnson's knife was found with the trunks that were cut from the stage, and a biscuit that was in Mr. Carbin's big coat pocket was also found with the trunks. On the same evening there was a black man seen near my house by several of the neighbors, tolerable early in the night, of the same description of the one that was at Mr. Dennis Johnson's.
HENDLY NELSON.
Dogue run Tavern, near Alexandria January 15. 3t

Notice.
ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing in any manner on the lands of the subscriber, as he is determined to put the law in force against any person offending. JAMES BIRCH.
january 13 3t

Liverpool Salt.
TWO THOUSAND bushels coarse Liverpool salt, the cargo of the sloop Alert, for sale by LAWRASON & FOWLE,
Who have just received 100 boxes fresh raisins. january 13

Alexandria,
Washington, & Georgetown

COACHEE.
THE proprietors having for the accommodation of the public, put on the line a new stage and horses, they will leave Alexandria every morning at 10 o'clock for Washington and Georgetown: returning, will leave Georgetown at 4 o'clock and Washington at 5 past 4, for Alexandria, Fare 75 cents each way. All baggage at the risk of the owners.
jan 12 6t

Notice.
THE subscribers having such a multiplicity of accounts due them on book, and finding it impossible to collect them, (or in other words those indebted will not pay) on this account it puts it out of their power to be punctual in their engagements, and they have come to the determination after this date to do business for cash. No work will be delivered out of the shop unless the cash is paid, except it is for large jobs to our punctual customers, in which case a liberal discount will be given when the work is completed. They return their thanks to those who have been prompt in payment and solicit their patronage. All orders for blacksmith work will be attended to. RICHARD ROCK & Co.
january 7 thsmw

BLANK BOOKS.
JAMES KENNEDY & SON have just received a large assortment, consisting of the following, viz.
Ledgers, single & double
Journals
Day books
Letter and invoice ditto
Record ditto, &c. &c.
Of all sizes, faint lined and plain,
in plain and Russia binding, on the most approved plan. Also,
A great variety of the smaller books, viz. Bank, receipt and memorandum books; pocket ledgers; blank music books; cyphering books; plain and faint lined copy books, for large and small hand, per dozen or single
☞Orders from the public offices, and from merchants, to any pattern of ruling, executed at a short notice.
December 5 stuthtf

Sugar, &c.
LANDING from the brig Union, capt. Williams, from Marblehead, and for sale by LAWRASON & FOWLE,
150 bags white sugars, superior quality
220 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia duck
200 do heavy and light ravens do
200 do white and brown shirtings
4000 lbs soft shelled almonds.
january 1

Mechanics' Bank of Alex'a.
December 5, 1818.
THE Stockholders of the Mechanics' Bank of Alexandria are hereby notified that one quarter of the seventh instalment is called for to this institution, payable at the Bank on the 19th January next, one quarter on the 19th of February, and one half of the eighth instalment on the 19th of March next.
By order of the Board,
P. H. MINOR,
December 7 *Cashier*.

Samuel Thompson

TAKES the liberty of informing his country friends and the public, that he has established himself in the brick warehouse, on the north side of King-street, one door above the corner of Fayette-street, and opposite the diagonal pump, where he will buy and sell flour, and receive it on storage; and will transact with care and punctuality all business in his line, which may be confided to him. thstu4w Dec 17

For Sale,
(If applied for immediately,)
The schooner CARRIER, an excellent vessel, 39 tons burthen, sails well, was built in Matthews county, Va. in August last, of the best materials.—She is remarkably well found, and well calculated for a small West-Indiaman, or bay craft. Apply to the master on board at Schofield & Waters' wharf.
jan 15 3t* WINSLOW FOSTER.

For Bermuda,
The elegant and very fast sailing schr FAVORITE, S. Tripp master, has half her cargo engaged and ready to go on board. For freight of 300 barrels or passage apply to T. H. HOWLAND,
Who has for sale
20 hhds prime quality molasses
2 hhds Barbadoes sugar
20 casks whale oil
20 bbls tanners' oil
20 bales cotton, and
30 boxes window glass
1 mo 15 6t

For New-York,
The fast sailing packet sloop POLLY & SYLVIA, E. Weeks master, burthen 600 bbls.; being intended as a regular packet, she will be dispatched without delay. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to NEWTON KEENE.
january 15 3t

For Freight,
The sloop ALERT, capt. Smith, carries about 450 barrels, an excellent vessel, and will take freight for any southern port. Apply to LAWRASON & FOWLE.
january 14

For Gibraltar, Direct,
The fine fast sailing Schooner ADELINE, Edward Rumney, master; having three-fourths of her cargo engaged.—Weather permitting, will sail this week.—200 bls. freight will be taken if offered immediately. JOHN RUMNEY.
jan 12 3t

For Freight,
The substantial and fast sailing brig BENEFACTOR, Wm. I Tobey, master, burtben 1200 bls, will be ready for the reception of a cargo in 3 days. Apply to M. Miller & Son, or T. H. HOWLAND,
Who have for sale on board said vessel,
3000 bushels Cadiz salt. 1 mo 9

For Sale, Freight or Charter,
The substantial ship FAIR-TRADER, capt. George Fletcher, burthen 3900 barrels or 535 hhds tobacco, now in complete order for the reception of a cargo and the performance of any voyage. For terms for the purchase of two-thirds, or freight of the whole, apply to NOBLET HERBERT,
Oct 8 or FRANCIS ADAMS, jr.

For Sale or Freight,
The schnr. POLLY & SALLY, burthen 85 tons or 600 bls, nearly new, built in the Chesapeake of the best materials; a very fast sailer, and can be ready for a cargo in a few days, and requires but a small expense to fit her for any voyage. Apply to LAWRASON & FOWLE.
December 21

For New-York,
The new and superior schr FIVE SISTERS, Capt. Bates, carries about 800 barrels, is now ready to receive a cargo on board, and will take a freight to that port if offered immediately. Apply to
Dec 17 LAWRASON & FOWLE.

For Charleston, Savannah, or New-Orleans,
The fast-sailing sloop CYNTHIA, one year old, having large accommodations for passengers (say 25) in the cabin, carries 400 barrels under deck. She will be dispatched to either of the above places as soon as freight or passengers shall offer: freight can be taken to-morrow. Apply to E. CORNING,
Dec 30 Vowell's wharf.

John H. Ladd & Co.
HAVE received by brig Juno from Boston, and schr Elizabeth from N. York,
3000 bushels Liverpool coarse salt
135 boxes mould candles, of various sizes, and most approved brands
50 bags green coffee
20 hhds N. E. rum; 50 bbls ditto
10 hhds west-india rum
16 casks cheese
3 chests imperial tea
10 do young hyson tea
4 quintals dun codfish, sup. quality
9 cases men's & boys' coarse shoes
4 bales herring seine twine

For Bermuda,
The fast-sailing brig JUNO, A. Smith master, burthen 550 barrels. For freight of 300, apply to
jan 4 JOHN H. LADD & Co.

Bank of Alexandria,
January 4, 1819.
A DIVIDEND of three and an half per cent for the last half year, is this day declared, and will be paid to the stockholders in the institution, or their legal representatives, on Thursday the 7th inst.
J. L. M'KENNA, Cashier.
January 5 3w

Ground Alum, Fine Salt, &c.
NOW landing from schr Geo. Washington, and sloop Experiment, from Norfolk, and for sale by LINDSAY & HILL,
250 sacks fine Liverpool salt
145 do coarse do
1200 bushels do do
35 bls herrings and
40 dozen corn brooms january 1

Bolting Cloths.
THE subscriber has this day received, a large and elegant assortment of Bolting Cloths, of a superior quality, which will be offered for sale, at the store of Messrs. Butts & Cawood, King-street, Alex'a, where he intends keeping a complete assortment in future.
Sept 6 AMOS ALEXANDER.

DRAWING ANNOUNCED—OFFICIAL NOTICE.

Maryland State Lottery.

The drawing of this Scheme will take place in the city of Baltimore on WEDNESDAY, the 24th of next month, (February) *and will be completed on the same day*, under the superintendance of JAMES LLOYD, RICHARD K. HEATH & RICHARD FRISBY, esqrs. Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Council, agreeably to the Act of Assembly.

COHEN'S OFFICE, Baltimore, Jan. 11.

The drawing of the Maryland State Lottery having been officially announced to take place on *Wednesday*, the 24*th* of *next month*—and the number of tickets on hand being reduced to very few, those not yet supplied should apply without delay to avoid disappointment.

Only 1350 Tickets in the whole Scheme.

THE CAPITAL PRIZES ARE

20,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars
10,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars
5,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars
5,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars
5,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars
5,000 Dollars	5,000 Dollars

Twenty of 1000 Dollars, &c.

NO STATIONARY PRIZES—ALL BEING FLOATING,

THE WHOLE TO BE DRAWN IN ONE DAY.

The Prizes are ALL PAYABLE IN CASH, subject to a deduction of fifteen per cent.

Present Price of Tickets and Shares.

Whole Tickets,	$100	Eighths	12 50
Halves,	50	Tenths	10 00
Quarters,	25	Sixteenths	6 25
Fifths	20	Twentieths	5 00

TO BE HAD IN A VARIETY OF NUMBERS, AT

COHEN'S

Lottery & Exchange Office, 110 Market-street.

Where the capitals of 50,000 and 20,000 dollars were sold in the last lottery drawn in Baltimore, and where more capital prizes have been obtained than at any other office in America.

Orders from any part of the union, either for whole tickets, or shares, will meet with the most prompt attention, addressed to

J. I. COHEN, Jr. 110, Market-st. Baltimore.

DISTANT ADVENTURERS

are informed that in order to furnish them with information of the fate of their tickets, the Managers' Official List of Prizes will be published immediately after the drawing, in the principal newspapers.—To give more immediate intelligence to adventurers in this section of the union, the list of prizes will be published in the Alexandria Gazette.
january 16 swl

THE LAST DAY.

TO THE LOVERS OF

The Fine Arts.

MESSRS. STOWELL AND BISHOP

RESPECTFULLY inform the ladies and gentlemen of Alexandria and its vicinity, that they have opened, for a FEW DAYS only, next door to the City Tavern, opposite the New Market-House, an elegant

MUSEUM,

CONSISTING OF 32 WAX FIGURES, LARGE AS LIFE.

TWO ELEGANT ORGANS,

One playing a variety of music, and accompanied by 16 sister states, performing upon a chime of bells.—The other a new patent organ, playing a variety of music, accompanied with a Drum and Triangles.

Among the Figures the following claim particular notice:

General George Washington; a striking likeness of James Monroe, esq. president of the United States; Napoleon Bonaparte; Commodore Isaac Hull and lady; Commodore William Bainbridge; Columbus, who first discovered the continent of America; Henry Christophe, formerly a slave, now a sovereign prince, under the title of Henry I. king of Hayti—he married a daughter of the unfortunate Touissant L'Overture, who is now queen of Hayti—and her daughter; a representation of a lady that was drowned at Albany, in December 1812, crossing the ferry, holding her beautiful twin babes, that were saved; an American prisoner in Algiers, represented chained and spiked to the floor, and starving to death with an iron on his head; Othello and Desdamona, a representation from Shakespeare's tragedy, exhibiting Othello in the act of murdering his wife Desdamona; Jane Shore; Boston Beauty, and Jud the musician; Lord Hastings and Alicia; *a highly interesting group*, representing Blue Beard a Turkish bashaw in the act of attempting the murder of his wife, and Selim her brother running to her relief, also Irene sister to Blue Beard's wife in tears—this is one of the most splendid groups ever exhibited in the United States; Charlotte Temple, with her child; a scripture group, representing King Saul and the witch of Endor raising Samuel the prophet from the tomb; Indian Chief Black Streak in the act of scalping a son of Mr. Kershen, a merchant of St. Mary's, in the state of Georgia.

A TEMPLE OF INDUSTRY,

OR,

Grand Mechanical Panorama,

Consisting of thirty-six Moving Figures, all in Character.

ALSO,

TWENTY ELEGANT VIEWS.

1. View of Twickenham, in England.
2. View of the water works at Centre Square, Philad.
3. View of the battle of Lodi
4. View near Richmond.
5. Richmond Hill.
6. The west view of Mebbar Mill, in Derbyshire, Eng.
7. Carrick Castle, Ireland.
8. View near Bath, on the road to Hampton.
9. View of Fort Royal, Mart.
10. Battle of Waterloo.
11. View of the Inner Court of the Orphans' House at Hale, in Lower Saxony.
12. View of Rich'n'd bridge.
13. View of Richmond Park Gate.
14. View near Cookstown, in Wicklow.
15. New Jail, Walnut-street, Philadelphia.
16. Custom-House, N. York
17. View of the Old Market or Great King of Prague.
18. View of High-street, from Ninth-street, Philadelphia.
19. View of High-street, Philadelphia, from the country market-place, with the funeral procession of Gen. George Washington.
20. View of the execution of Marshal Ney.

☞The above collection of Figures were executed by the most eminent American artists, and well deserve the patronage of the public. The decorations and dresses are made in that style of elegance that will ensure gratification to the observer.

**Admittance 25 cents—children half price.
january 7

Barbadoes Sugar.
SIX hhds prime Barbadoes sugar received via Bermuda, per sloop Regulator. For sale by BARNEWALL & POPHAM.
jan 8 1w

Cork Sole Shoes.
S. & D. REED
HAVE just received a fresh supply of cork sole, and morocco and leather thick sole walking shoes, with heels.
LIKEWISE,
A general assortment of other kinds, suitable for the season, which are for sale at low prices for cash. january 4

For Sale,
A STRONG, healthy negro man, aged twenty-one years: he is a good house servant, having no fault. He will not be sold to a *trader*. For terms apply at this office. january 5

Western Money.
A FEW thousand dollars of Kentucky, Ohio, and Pennsylvania bank notes for sale at a liberal discount, well worth the attention of drovers and others. Apply at my Exchange Banking House and Broker's Office, Bridge-street, Georgetown.
December 10 ROMULUS RIGGS.

SALES AT AUCTION.

By JOHN JACKSON & Co.

THIS DAY, at 10 A. M.
We shall sell a great variety of goods for CASH—dry goods, fancy goods, tea trays, shoes, hats, watches, rifles, &c.

By P. G. MARSTELLER.

On TUESDAY, at 10 A. M.
At the auction store, corner of Prince and Water Streets, will be sold,
Cloths
Cassimeres
Coatings
Negro cottons
Calicoes
Shirting cottons
Dimities
Flushings
Woollen & cotton hosiery
Buckskin and Beaver gloves, &c.
ALSO,
Candles in boxes
Figs in ditto
Gin cases
Demijohns
Cheese in casks, &c.
A quantity of elegant furniture; among which are
Sideboards
Tables
Chairs
Beds
Bedsteads &c. &c.

Winchester and Alexandria STAGE.
THE Winchester and Alexandria stage, in future, will stop at the Indian Queen Tavern, and will leave said tavern on the same days as before from the City Hotel—fare as usual.
Also an accommodation stage will leave the same tavern for Washington & Georgetown every day at 10 o'clock A. M. and return at 4 P. M.—fare seventy-five cents.
N. B. All baggage in either stage will be at the risk of the owners january 1

Cotton.
TWENTY-TWO bales excellent quality Georgia Upland—just received and for sale by T. H. HOWLAND.
1 mo 9

Sugar, Apples, &c.
RECEIVED by the sloop Rising-Sun, capt. Smith, from Providence, R. I. and for sale by E. CORNING,
Vowell's wharf,
60 bbls brown sugar
5 hhds N. E. rum
2 pipes gin
27 bbls cider
50 do apples
70 bushels potatoes
3000 wt. codfish jan 4

New Livery Stable.
THE subscriber has established, on the wharf, a stable of horses, and he takes this method of acquainting the citizens of Alexandria, particularly those gentlemen residing on the wharf, that there will be good saddle horses and carriages always in constant readiness for those who may please favor him with their calls.
N. B. Horses will be taken at livery by the day, week, or month.
WM. B. STUART.
December 17 d3m

Lawrason & Fowle
HAVE FOR SALE,
100 pieces Russia duck
220 heavy and light Ravens do
120 white and brown sheetings
200 diapers; 100 do crash
50 chests young hyson tea, of the Clothier and Benjamin Rush's cargo
20 pipes Holland gin, superior quality
20 French and Spanish brandy
10 puncheons windward island rum
8 pipes old Sicily Madeira wine
Pipes, half pipes, quarter, and half quarter casks Superior Old Madeira and Malmsey wine, from the house of Keers & Co. 12d to 20d
400 casks cut nails, assorted sizes, from
150 boxes mould candles, super. quality
400 brown soap
20 barrels sperm oil
Boston and Chelmsford window glass, of all sizes
Bales of baftas, mamoodies and flag handkerchiefs
150 crates assorted Liverpool ware
80 barrels mackerel, in wh. & hf. bbls.
30 boxes soft shelled almonds
December 11

Little River Turnpike Co.
January 11, 1819.
A DIVIDEND of six per cent for the year ending December 31, 1818, is this day declared, and will be paid to the stockholders in this company, or their legal representatives, on the 1st day of FEBRUARY next. JONAH THOMPSON,
Treasurer.
The stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, at their annual meeting on the 1st of January, 1819, having ordered that all the certificates of stock in said company heretofore issued, be called in and cancelled, and new certificates issued in place thereof, and that the fractional parts of shares be brought into whole shares, as far as practicable, the stockholders are therefore requested to forward their certificates to the treasurer as soon as convenient, that the said order may be carried into effect without loss of time.
By order of the directors.
JONAH THOMPSON,
jan 14 thstuF12 Treasurer.

S. Drew,
Merchant Tailor, &c. Fairfax-street,
BEGS leave to return his grateful acknowledgements to the inhabitants of Alexandria for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, and hopes by assiduity and attention to merit a continuance of the same.
Two apprentices wanted, and a colored woman wanted to hire.
☞A few respectable boarders can be accommodated by applying as above.
january 7 thstu3t

HOUSES, LANDS &c.

Building Lots or Sale.

SUNDRY good lots upon Cameron, Pitt and Queen streets, on liberal credit, at reasonable prices to purchasers who would build thereon. For terms enquire of
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
October 19 tf

For Sale or Rent,

THAT valuable property called CONWAY'S WHARF, with the Warehouses thereon fronting on Union-street. The warehouses will be rented separately if required. For terms apply to
WM. HERBERT, jr.
August 25 tf

To Let,

THAT convenient Brick house on Royal street, now occupied by Mr. Charles Tyler—possession to be had the 22nd of December next—for terms enquire of MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
November 3

To Rent,

A convenient BRICK Dwelling house, at the upper end of King-st suitable for a genteel family. Also two frame dwellings and shops.—Apply to JAMES SANDERSON.
November 12

Houses for Sale.

The premises on the South east corner of King and Henry streets, containing 2 good dwelling houses, with stores ready fitted up for business.

Also, the brick dwelling house and store near to the former, lately in possession of Dennis M. Lyles, esq. for whose time therein, the 7th of Feb. next, it may be rented.

☞All the above property would be sold upon liberal credit, the payment being secured. Inquire of
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
September 28 dtf

Gunston for Sale.

THIS elegant estate is situated on the Potomac, 16 miles below Alexandria—it is bounded on three sides by the Potomac and Pohick creek, and contains nearly 3,000 acres of land, level and fertile, to which are attached six shad and herring fisheries, two of which command the river channel. This land will be laid off in four tracts, so as to have one or more fisheries to each; these tracts will be again divided if requisite. This estate is level and beautifully situated, very fertile, and remarkably healthy. Plaister acts with an effect equal to that of any part of Virginia or Pennsylvania.—I have used 500 bushels in twelve months, and such is its beneficial operation, that were I to keep this land I should considerably increase the quantity. A manufacturing mill is distant about two miles, on a stream navigable for vessels carrying 1200 bushels of wheat, where the Baltimore and Dist. of Columbia prices are given for grain; being bounded on 3 sides by water, a small extent only of fence is necessary to inclose the whole: it would be admirably adapted to grazing. The improvements are a large and very

substantial brick mansion, 40 by 70 feet, with every necessary outhouse, three commodious barns, houses for Negroes, and fish houses at each of the fisheries. 120,000 bricks and 1000 bushels of lime are just burnt on the premises. There is a considerable extent of live fence, both useful and ornamental, two orchards of well selected apples and peach, besides an abundance of other choice fruit. More than 150 acres are in clover, 200 in corn, and land is in preparation for sowing 250 bushels of small grain. Any quantity of hay can be cut from the low grounds, some of which (and all might,) have been reclaimed at a trifling expense. The river and creeks, abound with wild fowl, particularly canvass backs, the woods with deer and a variety of other game. Mules, cattle, highly improved sheep, farming utensils and household furniture can be had. The terms of sale will be accommodating. Property in any of the cities, negroes, bank stock, western lands, or lands near the Ridge, will be taken in payment.—Letters must be addressed to me at Pohick Church, Fairfax county, Virginia.
September 4 GEORGE MASON.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber is desirous of selling a handsomely situated farm, on Hunting creek, in Fairfax county Virginia, adjoining the Mount Vernon estate and the lands of general Thomson Mason, four miles from Alexandria, containing about 240 acres, 80 of which are in wood—40 to 50 in thriving meadow of clover and timothy—a part of the residue recently seeded with wheat and rye, and clover, last spring—the whole enclosed with a new post and rail fence.—The improvements are, a comfortable and

convenient frame dwelling house and kitchen, smoke house, poultry house, granary and stables.—There is on this place a rich and productive garden, and a large body of marsh meadow, from which may be saved annually 100 tons of hay, nearly as nutricious as the best timothy or clover.—With the farm would be sold a number of very valuable horses, cows and sheep; waggon, carts, and a variety of farming utensils and household and kitchen furniture; corn, oats and rye, and 40 tons hay. Also, adjoining the one above described, a farm containing 160 acres, recently enclosed, on which is a

brick house, which a trifling expense would render comfortable. The soil is excellent, and a considerable part might be easily converted into meadow.—it would be sold with the other or separately. Also, a number of valuable servants, male and female. To prevent unnecessary application, he would observe, that they will only be sold to persons residing in the District or its vicinity, and not to be carried from it. The subscriber will also sell the greater part of his household furniture which is new and handsome. For terms of all or any part of the above property, apply to NOBLET HERBERT, esq. or
Oct 8 FRANCIS ADAMS, Jr.

For Rent.

A very convenient dwelling house on the lower part of Royal-st. adjoining the house now occupied by Mr. Generes. Possession may be had immediately.
january 1 JOHN T. BROOKS.

For Rent,

A convenient two story framed dwelling house, pleasantly situated, between Water and Gibbon streets. Possession will be given immediately. For terms apply to
january 2 ROBERT HUNTER.

Public Sale.

IN obedience to an order of the county court of Fairfax, we will, on Monday, the 21st day of December next, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, all that tract or parcel of land, (now occupied by, and in the possession of Thomas Ogden of Thomas,) belonging to the representatives of the late John Allison, sen. deceased. This tract is believed to contain between 60 and 100 acres, tolerably well watered, with a good proportion in wood, bounded by Ravensworth, and the lands of William Cash, sen. Zachariah Ward, and W. H. Foote, Esq. and about seven miles from Alexandria: a farther description is thought unnecessary, as it is presumed any person inclined to purchase would view the premises, which will be shewn on application to the tenant, Thomas Ogden of Thomas. The terms will be one third cash, and bonds with approved security for the balance, payable in 12 and 18 months. The sale to take place on the premises, and will commence at 11 o'clock, at which time and place due attendance will be given by the
COMMISSIONERS.

☞The above sale is unavoidably postponed until the 14th day of January next. December 15.

Public Sale

BY virtue of a decree from the chancery court of Charles county, will be sold at public sale to the highest bidder, at the Trap, in Durham parish, Charles county, on Tuesday the 2nd day of February next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, part of a tract of land called the Blue Plains, lying in the parish and county aforesaid, containing about one hundred and sixty acres.

This land lies compact, and is heavily covered with red and white oak growth, some of the latter very valuable timber for various uses, and it is believed is an object worth the attention of persons engaged in the wood and timber business, as it is entirely in woods, lies very level, and not more than two or two and an half miles from Potomac river, and the way level and good.

The terms of sale are that the purchaser or purchasers give bond and good security for the payment of the purchase money, bearing interest from the day of sale, payable in two equal payments of six and twelve months, and on the payment of the purchase money and interest, and not before, the commissioners will, by a good and sufficient deed, executed and acknowledged according to law, convey to the purchaser or purchasers, his her or their heirs, free from all clams of the petitioners, their right title and interest in and to the same, both at law and in equity.

THOMAS PRICE, Sen. } Commis-
THOMAS H. REEDER } sioners.
December 26 StF2

Valuable Property.

FOR sale—That commodious three story brick house on King-street; now in the occupancy of Mr. John Roberts.——Also three Lots adjoining, with the improvements thereon.—That elegant Grass Lot—lately the property of Mr. James Anderson, containing 2 3-16ths acres.——And the rigging, sales, anchors, cables, spars & water-casks of the barque Mary, in parcels, or the whole to suit purchasers.
Oct 31 JOSEPH SMITH.

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of a decree of the court of the United States for the fifth circuit in the Virginia district, in a suit in chancery, wherein *Mary Wormeley*, wife of *Hugh Wallace Wormeley*, by *George F. Strother* her next friend, and *John S. Wormeley, Mary W. Wormeley, Jane B. Wormeley* and *Anne B. Wormeley*, infant children of the said *Mary* and *Hugh W.* by the said *George F. Strother* their next friend plaintiff, against *Hugh Wallace Wormeley, Thomas Strode, Richard Veitch, David Castleman* and *Charles McCormick*, defendants, will be sold at public auction on the *third day of February next*, if fair, if not, the next fair day, on the premises,

A Tract of Land

containing 300 acres, and also the reversion of fifty acres adjoining the same tract of 300 acres, lying and being in the county of Frederick and state of Virginia, situate on the north side of the Shenandoah river, and adjoining the said river about two miles below Snickers' ferry—one hundred acres of which is finely timbered, and the whole tract well watered with a never failing spring: the buildings are an excellent dwelling house, with other suitable outhouses, a good barn, corn house, blacksmith's shop, stable, &c. &c.

This land, I am told, has for the last seven years been highly improved with clover and plaster of Paris; upon the whole it is considered to be one among the best farms in the county, combining all the advantages of good society, salubrity of climate and fertility of soil. Terms of sale will be as follows: three thousand dollars in cash, or a negociable note with an endorser or endorsers to be approved of by the marshal of the said district, or his deputy who may act, and payable at one of the branches of the Farmers' bank of Virginia at Winchester, and the residue of the purchase money in three equal payments of one, two and three years; the purchaser or purchasers giving bonds and security or securities, to be approved of by the marshal or his deputy, with a deed of trust on the said land so sold, as a further security for the payments of the said bonds.

WILLIAM MANN, D. M.
For ANDREW MOORE, Marshal.
Richmond, Dec. 30 tF3

Aromatic Snuff,

For Catarrh *Headache.*

THIS Snuff, as celebrated for its agreeble fragrance as for its efficacy in the cure of recent catarrh and slow nervous headache, is used and approved by the present professor of chemistry in the university of Cambridge, mass. and by some of the most respectable gentlemen of the faculty in the United States—It is also particularly recommended by Dr Waterhouse, late professor of the theory and practice of physic, in the above seminary—whose certificate accompanies each bottle.—Sold by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
Sole Agents for Alexandria.
September 24 tf

L. Masterson,

BOOT AND SHOE-MAKER,

RETURNS his grateful thanks to his friends and the public in general, for the liberal patronage he has received in his line of business, and hopes they will continue it. He has on hand a good assortment of the best Philadelphia leather, which he intends manufacturing in the best manner: for neatness and durability it will be excelled by none. He has on hand a good assortment of

Boots, Bootees and Shoes,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash, or to punctual customers at the usual credit, at his old stand opposite the Gazette office, Royal-street.

N. B. Two boys of good disposition would be taken as apprentices to the above business. Those from the country would be preferred. August 24

Little River Turnpike.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, will be held at Jesse Brown's hotel in the town of Alexandria, on Monday, the 11th day of January, 1819, at which time and place the punctual attendance of the stockholders is earnestly solicited, as matters of the utmost importance to the company, will be brought before the meeting. At the same time, an election will be held for a president, four directors, and a treasurer. On the following day, the appointment of superintendent of the road, and collectors of tolls at all the gates will take place.

By order of the board of directors.
JONAH THOMPSON, Treasurer.
November 28 3tawt11J

Constables Look Out.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living near the Falls Church, Fairfax county, Virginia, on the 10th inst. a negro man named Henry Tuxen, about 23 or 24 years of age, a thick, well set fellow, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, very black, full face, has a large mouth and thick lips: he has lost one front tooth from his upper jaw, and is slow in speech. He had on when he left home a short grey cloth coat, black cloth pantaloons, much worn, an old drab cloth great coat, and an old fur hat, with a black scarf around it. He is a good cook, and is fond of being in a kitchen. He is a smart, sensible fellow, and may change his clothes. He formerly belonged to Richard Washington, deceased, and was his waiter. He has a mother and other relations living at Mr. John Washington's, Jefferson county, Va. and also at Mount Vernon, and in Alexandria. In all probability he may be endeavoring to get to some of the northern states.

If said fellow is taken and secured in jail, so that I get him again, 100 miles from home, I will give 100 dollars, if 50 miles, 50 dollars, and if 25 miles, or any shorter distance, 30 dollars.
Dec 17 JOHN A. SOMMERS

100 Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber on Sunday night last, a Negro man named
GEORGE,
commonly called George Jasper, about 5 feet 8 to 10 inches high, a brownish or dark mulatto complexion,—is a fiddler, and addicted to drink—stammers when spoken to. A short time since, in making an attempt to run away, he endeavored to make it appear that he was kidnapped on board a small vessel at Alexandria.—His clothes are not particularly recollected, with the exception of a long blue coat; but it is believed he had very good clothes, including a light colored coat, nearly new. Whoever will secure said Negro, so that I get him again, shall receive, if taken 100 miles off, 100 dollars—if 50 miles, 50 dollars—and for any less distance, 30 dollars.
GEORGE W. P. CUSTIS.
Arlington House, near Alexandria, January 1. } 6t

Barn Landing Fishery.

I WILL rent this excellent fishery, for 5 years or less; application can be made to me personally or by letter, addressed to Pohick Church, Fairfax Co. Va. It will be useless to offer less than 300 dollars, that sum having already been refused.
GEORGE MASON.
Gunston, October 5

For Sale,

A TRACT OF LAND in the county of Fairfax, between the Little River Turnpike Road and that from Leesburg to Georgetown, called SELBY, containing from 5 to 600 acres, situated in the neighborhood of Alexandria, Georgetown, and city of Washington. The land is in good order, with sufficient buildings for the purposes of farming, well watered, wooded, and adapted to plaster. As it is presumed that persons disposed to purchase will view the premises, further description is unnecessary.

Terms of sale liberal, and will be made known on application to *John A.* and *Bushrod C. Washington*, near Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, or
NOBLET HERBERT,
July 18 sw Alexandria, D. C

John H. Runnels,

agent for

WILLIAM TRUE, corner of King & Fairfax streets, informs his friends and the public, that from the liberal encouragement he has received from the ladies and gentlemen of this town and vicinity, as well as from strangers who occasionally resort hither, he intends enlarging his business, and has taken pains to procure the very best of STOCK, also good workmen. He can assure the public that all orders for

Boots and Shoes,

of every description, will be punctually executed, and the work done in a style not exceeded by any other factory in the district. He has constantly on hand, ready made, a very extensive assortment of

Boots, Shoes and Pumps,

for ladies and gentlemen, and misses, boys and children, made in the most approved style, of the best materials, and by superior workmen. Those in want of the above articles can be fitted as well as though they had their measure taken, and the work warranted good.

Orders for Boots and Shoes,

will be immediately attended to, and such varieties sent as invariably to suit the purchasers. ☞Constantly on hand, a very general assortment of *Northern Boots and Shoes*, wholesale and retail, at low prices
November 18 dtf

Notice.

THE subscriber will apply to the president and directors of the Union Bank of Alexandria, for the renewal of the following certificates of fifty shares of stock in that bank, from No. 22,636 to No. 22,687 inclusive, issued in the name of Wm. Paton, jr. dated 21st day of November, 1814, and lost by him.
N. HERBERT.
january 9 s21F Administrator

Laws of the District of Columbia.

In the press, and will shortly be published,
By DAVIS & FORCE,
IN THE CITY OF WASHINGTON,
"A COMPLETE CODE OF LAWS
FOR THE
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA."
With a copious Index, prepared and reported by the Hon. chief justice CRANCH, to the congress of the United States, for their sanction; agreeably to the provisions of the act of the 29th April, 1816, entitled "an act authorising the judges of the circuit court and the attorney for the District of Columbia, to prepare a code of jurisprudence for the said District."

The laws by which this District is now governed, can only be found by a reference to the numerous volumes containing those of the United States, of the states of Virginia and Maryland, and of England—therefore the acquisition of this code (which will comprise the whole in one volume,) must be considered as of the first importance, by all magistrates, gentlemen of the bar, and citizens in general, who have heretofore experienced the necessity of a work of this description.

A few extra copies will be printed for such persons only as apply previous to the publication of the work.

☞Gentlemen who wish to be supplied, will please to leave their names at this office. 6t Dec 5

To the Public.

AN unusual sensibility has been excited in the minds of our countrymen by the copper plate engraving of the Declaration of Independence recently published, accompanied by fac similes of the signatures of those illustrious patriots who framed the document by which our independence was announced to the world. We feel, while we dwell on those signatures, as if we were ushered into the immediate presence of characters so exalted, and we seem for a time to participate in all the emotion which they felt on the approach of so awful a crisis—Hostile armies, desolate fields, towns and cities in conflagration—carnage and death in its most frightful forms apeared in prophetic vision on the one hand, and more than all, the complicated horrors, ignominy and slavery were presented for their acceptance on the other; they deliberated, they paused, they trembled, and at last solemnly appealing to the God of battles, they resolved that the United States were and ought to be free, sovereign and independent. These illustrious patriots, with five solitary exceptions, have now mingled with the common mould—they survive only in their country's glory and in the recollection of a grateful people. But it would be consoling to the present generation, separated as they now are from those patriots, by the intervention of the tomb, to become more intimately acquainted with their revolutionary benefactors. We love to dwell on the features of such men, snatched by the pencil from the oblivion of the grave, and emulate the prominent feats of their biography. Impressed with these ideas, the subscriber proposes, if suitable encouragement is given, to publish the lives of those patriots in numbers, until the whole is completed. The work will be executed in a style not inferior to any European productions, and the portraits by masters of acknowledged merit. The biography will be written by *Paul Allen*, esq. whose intimacy with the several signers, whose familiarity with the privations and hardships they had to undergo, and whose well known talents will be sufficient to ensure the patronage of an enlightened people. In the execution of this work, all that the publisher dares to promise is, that he will endeavor to deserve the confidence of his countrymen, and that no exertion on his part will be wanting to prevent an abuse of that confidence. He ventures to solicit the assistance of those gentlemen in possession of authentic facts and anecdotes, by communicating the intelligence that will serve to illustrate the characters and to enrich the biography of those founders of the American Republic.—Those who are in possession of their portraits would enlarge the obligation by a loan of the same.

A prospectus with the terms will be given in a few days.

JOSEPH M. SANDERSON,

***Any printer who will publish this notice and become responsible for five subscribers, shall receive one copy of the work.

PROPOSALS
BY JOSEPH M. SANDERSON,
for publishing by subscription,
A BIOGRAPHY OF THE SIGNERS
TO THE
Declaration of Independence,
ACCOMPANIED WITH PLATES;
To which will be annexed a history of the proceedings of congress during the passage of the law, and the Declaration itself, with fac-simile engravings of the signatures.

By PAUL ALLEN, Esq.

TO THE PUBLIC.

IT seems a little surprising that amongst so many subjects as have been presented for American Biography, the lives of those who have affixed their signatures to the Declaration of Independence have been overlooked or disregarded. The eyes of thousands have dwelt with rapture upon the document that announced to the world that "these United Colonies were, and of right ought to be, free, sovereign, and independent states;" while we are better acquainted with the handwriting than with the characters of many of those illustrious men who have added their signatures to that instrument. The founders of the only remaining republic on the globe, have, with a few splendid exceptions, gone to their graves, and it behoves a generous posterity, sensible of their obligations, to preserve their fame. The longer we neglect the payment of so sacred a debt, the more difficult does the payment become.—Traits of individual character are fugitive and evanescent; and if they are not snatched by the hand of the Biographic Muse, at an early season, from the cold grasp of death, will soon partake of the oblivion of the body.—It is not the object of the present attempt, to deal in that profusion of indiscriminate and unsparing panegyric, so often and so falsely dignified with the name of Biography: we wish to represent the characters as they were; they stand in need of no panegyric; and we earnestly solicit from the surviving relations and friends of those revolutionary patriots all the information that will tend to a developement of character. Man is the creature of circumstance, and we wish to show the progress of those patriots from their first resistance of colonial aggression, until they stood forth the noble and undaunted champions of their country's independence. All this can only be done by a familiar acquaintance with the lives of these men, and whoever of the surviving friends or relatives will furnish facts and circumstances in their possession to unfold and illustrate their characters, shall be entitled to a copy of the work as a recompense. It is contemplated, wherever it is practicable, further to embellish the meditated work with correct likenesses of the subjects of our biography, executed by the most eminent artists in the country. For this purpose we again solicit the assistance of their surviving relatives and friends. If they will transmit to the publisher any engraving or portrait from which a copy may be taken, the original shall be faithfully returned, and shall likewise be remunerated with a copy of the work. In the first number it is proposed to give an account of the Declaration of Independence, from the first motion that was made on the floor of congress until its final passage into a law, a period embracing much curious and secret history: finally, we promise to add to our last number the Declaration of Independence itself, with fac-simile engravings of the signatures. We have now compendiously stated the objects of our present undertaking, and we hope that it will be unnecessary to mention that no exertions on our part shall be spared.

The public are now in possession of our project, which does indeed seem to be demanded, by the avidity so recently displayed for the possession of the Declaration of Independence, since it is of very little import to become acquainted with a man's hand writing without a previous knowledge of the man. The secret history of our Declaration of Independence, the lives of those who have affixed their signatures to that instrument, accompanied by their likenesses, and finally the Declaration itself with fac-similes of the signatures, will bring into one compact view the prominent facts of that interesting crisis.

CONDITIONS.

I. The work will be published in numbers, or half volumes, of 150 pages octavo, and will be contained in ten numbers.

II. It will be printed on fine paper made expressly for the purpose, and delivered to subscribers at two dollars and fifty cents per half volume or number, payable on delivery.

☞Subscriptions will be received at the office of the Alexandria Gazette.
December 29

Engineer Department,

Washington, Dec. 2, 1818.

SEALED proposals will be received at this department until 28th February, 1819, for delivering at Old Point Comfort, Chesapeake Bay, 80,000 perches of Building Stone, and 2000 tons of White Free Stone, of the most durable quality: to be delivered before the first day of January, 1821. (Signed) W. K. ARMISTEAD,
Lieut. Col. Commandant Engineers.
December 5 2m

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets,
Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

☞All kinds of goods which are on limitation, and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation prices.
january P. G. MARSTELLER.

Notice.

THE subscriber gives notice that he has withdrawn from the concern of Messrs. Faxen, Metcalf & Co. and does not consider himself any longer a partner of that concern. Mr. Dwight Metcalf, one of the said firm, has the necessary funds to discharge any claims that may exist against the concern. JOSEPH BAXTER, jun.
january 5

Alexa
VOL. XIX.]
English & German
For 18
WITH a large and ge
school books and stat
for the country trade, for sa
Oct 8 JOHN A. S
This day is pub
AND for sale at the book
JAMES KENN
The Controversy b
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which appeared in the Alexa
pers in the year 1817, on so
ROMAN CATHOL
To which is added AN APP
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dulgencies—of the Inquis
the Order of the Jesuits.
BY A PROTESTAN
Price in boards one dollar
Book-Bindin
THE subscribers respectfull
friends and the public, t
commenced the BOOK-BIN
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side of King, between Fairfa
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assortment of Stationary, and
Blank Books
of every kind; all of which
the best materials, and will be
on the most liberal terms.
Orders from Banks, and othe
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will be thankfully received, ar
due attention and punctuality.
JAMES & ARCHIBALD D
☞Wrapping paper by the ba
December 21
Books and Statio
ROBERT GRAY has just
sale on commission, an
Books and Stationary, among w
following articles, viz:
Sir Robert Wilson's sketch
tary and political power of Rus
Phillips's speeches; Shey's b
Say's catechism of political e
Manners & customs; Accide
Bennett's letters; history of
Volney's Ruins; Brownie of
The Sisters; Pope's Essay o
Tales of my Landlord; Tay
Travels at home; Domestic
Debates of the Virginia Co
the adoption of the Federal Co
Wright's Life of Christ and
Bonnet boards by the gross, d
gle; superfine vellum cap writ
August 28
New Books.
Just received on consignment, a
by the subscriber,
TALES of my landlord, sec
New tales, by Mrs Opie
Zion's Pilgrim, by Robert Ha
Events of the French Revolu
baroness de Stael; O'Reiley's
Johnson's quarto dictionary,
Taylor's Arator, 4th edition
Raffle's tour on the continent
Village sermons; Olive-Bran
Dwight's geography for schoo
Europe is divided according to t
of the congress of Vienna
A few copies of Bible News
Truths relating to the Living G
Son, and Holy Spirit, by Noah
A M ROBERT
Oct 16
Romulus Riggs
EXCHANGE BANKING
AND
BROKER'S OFF
Bridge-street, Ge
THIS is intended as a perma
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3d. The notes of the United S
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receive at the rate of six per ce
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5th. All business in the line o
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